Masoneilan*
35002 Series Camflex*II
Rotary Control Valve

Instruction Manual (Rev.D)
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THESE INSTRUCTIONS ASSUME THAT OPERATORS ALREADY HAVE A GENERAL UNDERSTANDING OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR SAFE OPERATION OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT IN POTENTIALLY HAZARDOUS ENVIRONMENTS. THEREFORE, THESE INSTRUCTIONS SHOULD BE INTERPRETED AND APPLIED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SAFETY RULES AND REGULATIONS APPLICABLE AT THE SITE AND THE PARTICULAR REQUIREMENTS FOR OPERATION OF OTHER EQUIPMENT AT THE SITE.

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Safety Information

Important - Please Read Before Installation
The 35002 Series control valve instructions contain DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION labels, where necessary, to alert you to safety related or other important information. Read the instructions carefully before installing and maintaining your control valve. DANGER and WARNING hazards are related to personal injury. CAUTION hazards involve equipment or property damage. Operation of damaged equipment can, under certain operational conditions, result in degraded process system performance that can lead to injury or death. Total compliance with all DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION notices is required for safe operation.

This is the safety alert symbol. It alerts you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

DANGER
Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

WARNING
Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in serious injury.

CAUTION
Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

When used without the safety alert symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in property damage.

Note: Indicates important facts and conditions.

About this Manual

- The information in this manual is subject to change without prior notice.
- The information contained in this manual, in whole or part, shall not be transcribed or copied without BHGE’s written permission.
- Please report any errors or questions about the information in this manual to your local supplier.
- These instructions are written specifically for the 35002 Series control valve, and do not apply for other valves outside of this product line.

Useful Life Period

The current estimated useful life period for the Masoneilan 35002 Series Camflex II is 25+ years. To maximize the useful life of the product it is essential to conduct annual inspections, routine maintenance and ensure proper installation to avoid any unintended stresses on the product. The specific operating conditions will also impact the useful life period of the product. Consult the factory for guidance on specific applications if required prior to installation.

Warranty

Items sold by BHGE are warranted to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment provided said items are used according to BHGE recommended usages. BHGE reserves the right to discontinue manufacture of any product or change product materials, design or specifications without notice.

Note: Prior to installation:
- The valve must be installed, put into service and maintained by qualified and competent professionals who have undergone suitable training.
- All surrounding pipe lines must be thoroughly flushed to ensure all entrained debris has been removed from the system.
- Under certain operating conditions, the use of damaged equipment could cause a degradation of the performance of the system which may lead to personal injury or death.
- Changes to specifications, structure, and components used may not lead to the revision of this manual unless such changes affect the function and performance of the product.
1. Introduction

The following instructions are designed to assist maintenance personnel in performing most of the maintenance required on the Camflex II valve and if followed carefully will reduce maintenance time.

BHGE has highly skilled Service Engineers available for start-up, maintenance and repair of our valves and component parts. In addition, regularly scheduled training programs are conducted to train customer service and instrumentation personnel in the operation, maintenance and application of our control valves and instruments. Arrangements for these services can be made through BHGE’s products representative or district office. When performing maintenance use only Masoneilan replacement parts. Parts are obtainable through your local representative or district office. When ordering parts always include MODEL and SERIAL NUMBER of the unit being repaired.

2. General

These installation and maintenance instructions apply to 1” through 12” sizes (DN 25 through 300 sizes), all available ratings, and pneumatic actuators. The model number, size and rating of the valve are shown on the serial plate. Refer to Figure 1 to identify the valve model.

3. Principle of Operation

The concept of the Camflex II valve is based on an eccentrically rotating spherical plug contained in a free flow body design. The plug seating surface is joined by flexible arms to a hub which slides onto a rotating shaft. The plug is free to center itself along the axis of the shaft. A positive seal between plug and seat is achieved by elastic deformation of the plug arms. The chamfered seat ring is fixed in the valve body by a threaded retainer.

The plug and shaft are rotated through an angle of 50° by a lever linked to a powerful spring-opposed rolling diaphragm actuator.

The solid disk-type handwheel and locking hex nut, optional, are mounted on the yoke, opposite the actuator and may be used to manually operate the valve or as a limit stop. A threaded hole in the opposite side of the yoke is plugged but can be equipped with an optional cap screw and locknut, which may be inserted as a limit stop in the other direction, or in combination with the handwheel to lock the valve in a selected position.

Note: The handwheel on Camflex II is designed to be used for emergency action only.

![Figure 1](image-url)
The actuator is generally mounted with air-loading to counter the dynamic torque on the plug. In Figure 2 the flow direction tends to open the plug and the actuator is oriented to close it with increasing air pressure. The actuator spring force assists plug off-balance forces to open the valve on air failure. If the valve is to close on air failure, the body would be turned around in the line so that flow tends to close the plug and the actuator position would be reversed.

The Camflex II valve has a modified linear flow characteristic, which is the same in either flow direction. It can be easily transformed to an equal percentage when equipping the valve with a positioner 4700 series, 8000 series or SVI Smart Valve Interface. Reduced TRIM factors 0.4 and 0.6 are available on all sizes. The flow capacity of a 0.4 factor is 40% of the nominal capacity of the valve and it is 60% for the 0.6 factor. Factors 0.1 and 0.2 are available on the 1" (DN 25) valve.

The ability of the Camflex II valve to handle a wide range of process fluid temperatures is due to the long integrally cast bonnet. This affords ample radiation surface to normalize the packing temperature. Therefore, with self-lubricating TFE Aramid fiber packing, the valve handles temperatures from -196°C to + 400°C (-321°F to +752°F). When insulating the valve, do not insulate the valve bonnet (see Figure 3).

4. Unpacking

Care must be exercised when unpacking the valve to prevent damage to the accessories and component parts. Should any problems arise, contact your representative or district office.

Note: For ease of shipment and to prevent damage, valves equipped with the spring diaphragm actuator are shipped with the handwheel unassembled. Refer to Section 10.3 for handwheel assembly procedures.

5. Installation

The Camflex II valve has been assembled at the factory in accordance with specific instructions concerning flow direction and actuator mode. The valve must be installed so that the controlled substance will flow through the valve in the direction indicated by the flow arrow (25), which is located on the upper part of the valve bonnet. The valve actuator should be installed so the actuator is above the centerline of the shaft. To install the valve in the line, proceed as follows:

CAUTION

Any change in flow direction or actuator mode must be accomplished as outlined in Sections 7 and 10 of this instruction manual. Failure to follow these could result in personal injury and equipment malfunction.

A. Check the model number on the serial plate (56) against the numbering System described in Figure 1 to determine the valve mode.

B. Clean piping and valve of all foreign material such as welding chips, scale, oil, grease or dirt. Gasket surfaces should be thoroughly cleaned to ensure leak proof connections.

C. To allow for in-line inspection, maintenance or removal of the valve without service interruption, provide a manually operated stop valve on each side of the Camflex II valve with a manually operated throttling valve mounted in the by-pass line.
Note: If a flanged Camflex II is being installed and the distance between flanges is established by ANSI or DIN, spool pieces (spacers) are inserted between the line flange and the valve body flange. Gaskets and valve bolting are then installed and torqued using standard flange and line bolting criteria.

D. For flangeless valves, refer to Figure 23 and determine the correct size and quantity of bolts to be used for the valve and flange rating.

E. If the valve is to be installed in a horizontal position, install the lower flange bolting to provide a cradle, which will help support the valve while installing the remaining bolts.

F. Place the valve in the line.

G. Select and install correct gaskets.

Note: Spiral wound gaskets, suitable for service conditions are recommended.

H. Insert remaining flange bolting ensuring that the bolts align with the special bosses on the body, which assure the valve is centered in the line and also prevent rotation.

Note: For certain flange standards, through bolting is not possible because of the valve body neck or bonnet. To accommodate flange bolting, guide arms with threaded holes or slots are provided on the valve body to receive flange bolts (refer to Figure 22).

I. Tighten flange bolts evenly and firmly.

CAUTION
If the valve is to be insulated, do not insulate the valve bonnet.

Note: If the valve is equipped with manual handwheel, it may now be placed in service.

7. Placing in Service

With the valve properly installed in the line and all air or electrical service connected, it is recommended that the valve be run through one cycle to ensure proper functioning. Proceed as follows:

A. Back off the handwheel (53) so that it will not interfere with the operation of the valve and tighten the handwheel lock (52).

Note: If the valve is equipped with the optional limit stop (77), it should also be backed off to prevent interference with the operation of the valve.

B. Apply correct air pressure to the actuator.

Note: Valve should function smoothly and with maximum pressure, the valve indicator (6) should show full open or full close depending on valve mode.

C. Relieve air pressure and return valve to normal mode.

D. Gradually open process lines to place the valve in service.

E. Check for leaks. Repair as required.

CAUTION
Always ensure process pressure, air pressure and electrical service are off and the valve is isolated and relieved of pressure before performing maintenance on the valve.

F. If desired, the handwheel may be used as a limit stop. Set in desired position and lock.

G. If the optional limit stop (77) is used, set and tighten locknut.

8. Disassembly

8.1 Actuator Removal From Body S/A (Refer to Figures 16 and 17)

Maintenance required on the internal components of the valve or re-orientation of the actuator and body, requires that the actuator and yoke be removed from the valve. On the size 6, 7 and 9 actuators, for ease of handling and reassembly, it is recommended that the spring barrel be removed from the yoke and then the yoke separated from the valve body.

CAUTION
Do not exceed maximum air pressure indicated. Personal injury and equipment malfunction could result.

Note: When the valve is equipped with regulators or other accessories supplied by BHGE, only connections to those accessories are required since the piping to the actuator is connected at the factory. Some valves equipped with electrical accessories will require appropriate wiring. Refer to manufacturer's instructions for correct wiring information.

A. If required, remove the valve from the line.

B. Remove rear cover (29) and front cover (32) by removing the two cover screws (30).

C. Remove bottom cover (11) and spring barrel boss cover (58).
D. Remove the adjustable indicator (88) by removing the two screws (89).
E. Loosen handwheel lock (52) and turn handwheel (53) so it does not interfere with the movement of the lever (34).
   Note: On valves supplied with the optional limit stop, (Figure 17) loosen nut (78) and back off the limit stop screw (77) so it will not interfere with the movement of the lever (34).
F. Connect an air line to the actuator supply port and using a manual loading panel or regulated air supply, apply enough air pressure to the actuator so the lever will move to an intermediate position.

**CAUTION**
Do not exceed pressure listed in Figure 14 for actuator used. Do not use handwheel to move the lever.

Note: If the valve is to be reassembled using the same orientation, it is recommended that the yoke (33) and lever (34) alignment, in the closed position, be marked to simplify reassembly and alignment of the lever and shaft to ensure proper valve functioning. See Figure 17.

G. Remove clevis pin clips (5).
H. Remove clevis pin (7).
I. Relieve air pressure from actuator enabling clevis (35) to disengage from lever (34).
   Note: If the valve is equipped with a positioner, refer to the appropriate positioner instruction for procedures on cam or lever removal. Then proceed to step K.
J. Remove shaft cover (9) by removing cover screw (10).

**CAUTION**
Depending on the size and weight of the actuator. It is recommended that proper lift and support procedures be utilized when removing the spring barrel or yoke.

K. Ensure spring barrel is properly supported.
L. Loosen and remove cap screws (36) and lock washers (37), then remove spring barrel (38).
M. Loosen lever capscrew (49).
N. Loosen the stud nuts (94) and disengage the packing flange.
O. Loosen the stud nuts (27) to separate the actuator from the body S/A.
   Note: With body secure, grasp lever and yoke and separate. Yoke, lever and packing flange are removed at the same time. The yoke may have to be struck with a soft face mallet to break it loose.

**8.2 Actuator Complete Disassembly**
The spring diaphragm actuator used on the Camflex II valve was designed basically as a low cost non-replaceable item and therefore disassembly is not recommended. However, in some instances and for emergency purposes, disassembly may be required. Proceed as follows.
A. If the actuator is not removed from the body proceed to the paragraph 9.1 A. to 9.1 L.
B. Loosen locknut (46) then remove the clevis (35) and the locknut (46).
C. Loosen and remove capscrew (41) and remove diaphragm case (42) and diaphragm (40).
D. Using a deep socket, loosen and remove lock nut (45) and washer (44).
E. Remove piston (43) and spring (39) and inspect all components.
F. Proceed to section 10.2 for reassembly.

**8.3 Valve Body (Refer to Figures 4 and 16)**
Maintenance to the internal components required on the Camflex II Valve can normally be easily determined since the seat ring and plug can be seen once the valve is removed from the line. Although it may be determined that the seat ring does not need replacement, it must be noted that the new plug and seat ring must be lapped, thus requiring the disassembly of the body. It is recommended that both seat ring and plug be replaced if one or the other is damaged due to service.

After the actuator has been removed from the body, disassemble the valve using the following procedure:

**CAUTION**
Prior to performing maintenance on the valve, isolate the valve and vent the process pressure.

A. For 35002 SB (Separable Bonnet) versions, remove bonnet nuts (104) and lift off bonnet (102) complete with packing (17) and packing follower (15) from the body as an assembly. Proceed to step D.
B. Remove packing follower (15).
C. Remove safety pin (16).

**CAUTION**
The purpose of the safety pin is to prevent the shaft from being pushed out if the yoke is removed while the valve is still pressurized. The internal components of the valve cannot be removed without first removing the safety pin.

D. Pull on the shaft (19) to remove it.
   Note: Difficulty is sometimes encountered when removing the shaft from the plug mainly due to an excessive accumulation of deposits between the plug splines and the shaft. Application of heat to the plug shaft bore while using one of the following methods will facilitate removal.
When using heating devices, ensure that proper safety practices are observed. Such items as the flammability and toxicity of the controlled substance must be considered and proper precautions taken.

If the shaft is not removed easily, replace the lever (34) on the splined end of the shaft (19), tighten the lever capscrew (49) and using a mallet, tap the lever (34) as close to the shaft as possible and remove the shaft (19).

Note: If the shaft cannot be removed by tapping the tightened lever, Figure 20 illustrates an alternative method of removal. Using a pipe nipple of suitable size and length and reversing the packing flange and stud nuts as shown, the shaft may be jacked out of the body. For larger valves, the use of an additional washer and nipple to assist in holding the tightened lever is recommended. The lever should be tightened at a point where the hub on the lever is flush with the end of the spline.

E. The components which should come out with the shaft (19) are: the packing (17), packing box ring (23 or 100), spacer tube (20) and upper guide bushing (21).

Note: The spacer tube (20) and upper guide bushing (21) may remain in the body. They should be removed. The spacer tube (20) can only be removed by pulling it out the bonnet end of the body. The upper guide bushing (21) may be pushed through the body after removing the plug or pulled through the bonnet end of the body. On valves designed for use on slurry or viscous service, the upper guide bushing has an inner “O” ring (92) and an outer “O” ring (93) and the lower guide bushing has inner “O” ring (95) and outer “O” ring (96) (Refer to Figure 4).

F. Remove the plug (4) through the end of the body opposite the seat ring.

G. Remove the lower guide bushing (22).

Note: A groove is provided in the bushing for prying out the bushing using a screwdriver. If the bushing will be prised out it should be prised from two sides to prevent jamming the bushing during removal. If the bushing does not come out easily, fill the bushing with grease, insert the shaft (19) into the valve insuring that the machined portion of the shaft starts into the lower guide bushing. Using a soft faced mallet, strike the end of the shaft lightly until the bushing is pushed out partially. Remove the shaft and complete removal of the bushing by prying out using the groove provided.

Do not pry the bushing using the seat for leverage. If the bushing cannot be easily removed, proceed to section 8.3.1 and remove the seat ring retainer and seat ring then remove the bushing. Place a piece of soft stock (brass, etc.) between the inner seat shoulder and prying device to prevent damage to the seat sealing area of the body.

8.3.1 Seat Ring Removal (Refer to Figure 16)

The following procedures outline the recommended method for removing the seat ring retainer (3) with the use of retainer wrenches. BHGE manufactures and has available, for a nominal price, seat ring retainer wrenches for the Camflex II, 1” through 4” (DN 25 through 100) sizes. It is highly recommended that wrenches be purchased or fabricated to facilitate removal and reassembly of the seat ring (2) since SPECIFIC TORQUES MUST BE ACHIEVED to obtain tight shutoff and ensure proper functioning of the valve.

Figure 5 shows the recommended materials, thickness and method of construction along with specific dimensions to facilitate construction.

Figure 5

Figure 4 - Optional “O” ring arrangement

A. Secure the valve body in a vise or appropriate holding device with the seat ring facing up.

Care must be taken to avoid damage to the gasket face on the valve body.

B. Place retainer wrench so it engages retainer lugs.

C. Engage the retainer wrench with an impact wrench or suitable wrench and loosen, then remove retainer (3) by turning counterclockwise.

Note: The Camflex GR body constructions will require an extension to reach the retainer, due to the longer body pattern.
D. Lift out seat ring.

Note: In an emergency, drifts may be used to remove the seat ring retainer. However, two drifts should be used and placed in the slots 180° apart and struck simultaneously.

8.3.2 DVD Removal (Refer to Figure 16)

In case of Camflex with the DVD option, model number 35x3x or 35x4x, the DVD is installed in the body, it is recommended to use the DVD wrenches to remove this device (105). BHGE manufactures and has available, for a nominal price, DVD wrenches for the Camflex II, 1" through 12" sizes (DN 25 through 300 sizes). It is highly recommended that wrenches be purchased or fabricated to facilitate removal and reassembly of the DVD (105) since SPECIFIC TORQUES MUST BE ACHIEVED to ensure proper clamping of this DVD plate.

Figure 6 shows the recommended thickness and method of construction along with specific dimensions to facilitate construction.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valve Size</th>
<th>A inches (mm)</th>
<th>d inches (mm)</th>
<th>D inches (mm)</th>
<th>H inches (mm)</th>
<th>T inches (mm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1&quot; (DN 25)</td>
<td>1.063 (27)</td>
<td>0.142 (3.6)</td>
<td>1.236 (31.4)</td>
<td>0.079 (2)</td>
<td>0.4 (10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 1/4&quot; (DN 40)</td>
<td>1.496 (38)</td>
<td>0.157 (4)</td>
<td>1.772 (45)</td>
<td>0.118 (3)</td>
<td>0.5 (12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2&quot; (DN 50)</td>
<td>1.929 (49)</td>
<td>0.157 (4)</td>
<td>2.205 (56)</td>
<td>0.118 (3)</td>
<td>0.7 (18)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3&quot; (DN 80)</td>
<td>2.913 (74)</td>
<td>0.177 (4.5)</td>
<td>3.248 (82.5)</td>
<td>0.157 (4)</td>
<td>0.8 (20)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4&quot; (DN 100)</td>
<td>3.858 (98)</td>
<td>0.197 (5)</td>
<td>4.213 (107)</td>
<td>0.275 (7)</td>
<td>0.8 (20)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6&quot; (DN 150)</td>
<td>5.905 (150)</td>
<td>0.236 (6)</td>
<td>6.260 (159)</td>
<td>0.354 (9)</td>
<td>1.0 (25)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8&quot; (DN 200)</td>
<td>7.913 (201)</td>
<td>0.236 (6)</td>
<td>8.268 (210)</td>
<td>0.394 (10)</td>
<td>1.0 (25)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10&quot; (DN 250)</td>
<td>9.843 (250)</td>
<td>0.236 (6)</td>
<td>10.315 (262)</td>
<td>0.394 (10)</td>
<td>1.2 (30)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12&quot; (DN 300)</td>
<td>11.732 (298)</td>
<td>0.276 (7)</td>
<td>12.204 (310)</td>
<td>0.472 (12)</td>
<td>1.2 (30)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 6

A. Secure the valve body in a vise or appropriate holding device with the plug side facing up (refer to Figure 16).

CAUTION

Care must be taken to avoid damage to the gasket face on the valve body.

B. Place DVD plate wrench so it engages retainer lugs.

C. Engage the retainer wrench with an impact wrench or suitable wrench and loosen, then remove DVD (105) by turning counter-clockwise.

9. Maintenance

9.1 Diaphragm Replacement (Refer to Figures 16 and 17)

The recommended maintenance to be performed on the Camflex II Spring Diaphragm Actuator is limited to the replacement of the diaphragm (40). Removal of the actuator from the valve is not required. To replace the diaphragm, proceed as follows:

CAUTION

The valve must be isolated and free from any service pressure. All electrical or air pressure to component parts must be off. Pressure to actuator must be relieved.

Handwheel (53) and limit stop (77) must be backed off to allow free travel of the lever (34).

A. Bypass the valve, shut off stop valves and isolate valve in compliance with CAUTION note listed above.

B. Shut off and disconnect air supply tubing to the actuator.

C. Remove the four capscrews (41) from diaphragm case (42) and remove diaphragm case.

D. Remove diaphragm (40).

Note: Diaphragm is glued to the top of the piston (43).

E. Remove tape or glue from the top of the piston and clean thoroughly.

F. Clean diaphragm case (42) and spring barrel (38) at the area that engages the diaphragm bead in preparation for reassembly.

Note: To hold the diaphragm in place on the piston, an adhesive disc (adhesive both sides) or rubber cement is used. If rubber cement is used, it should be applied to both the piston and the diaphragm or in accordance with the manufacturer’s directions for the adhesive used. For recommended adhesives see Figure 15.

For the diaphragm replacement, use one of the two following methods:

Method 1: Points G-1 / H-1 / I-1 / J-1 / K-1

G-1. Apply adhesive tape or cement to the top of the piston.

H-1. The inscription “Piston Side” is located on the diaphragm (40). If used, apply cement to this side of the diaphragm.
Figure 7 - Method 1

I-1. Center and adhere diaphragm (40) to the top of the piston (43) (see Figure 7-Method 1, Step A).

J-1. Roll the diaphragm (40) inside the spring barrel (38) until the diaphragm is partially engaged in the spring barrel (see Figure 7-Method 1, Step B).


G-2. Apply coating of Neoprene glue (or similar) on the bead and on the inner face of the diaphragm (40), on the piston (43) and in the spring barrel lip (38).

Note: The inner face of the diaphragm in contact with the piston is marked with the inscription "piston side"; be careful to keep coating of the Neoprene with limits corresponding to the flat part of the piston (Figure 7- Method 2, Step A).

H-2. Center and adhere the diaphragm (40) on the piston (43) (Figure 7- Method 2, Step A).

I-2. Roll the diaphragm (40) carefully inside the spring barrel (38) until the diaphragm (40) is partially engaged in the spring barrel (38) (see Figure 7-Method 1, Step B).

Ensure that the capscrew holes in the diaphragm case and spring barrel are aligned to prevent twisting of the diaphragm in aligning the holes. The diaphragm case (42) is normally assembled with the air inlet port placed on the bottom side of the actuator. Depending on the desired location, it can be placed in any desired position around the spring barrel which allows the capscrew holes to line up. However, the drain hole in the spring barrel must always be facing down to allow for draining of any moisture which may enter the spring barrel cylinder (38), if the valve is equipped with the optional purge line, that line is inserted into the drain hole.

K-2. Clamp the bead of the diaphragm (40) between lips of diaphragm case (42) and carefully slide the diaphragm case (42) down over the piston (43) until it seats on spring barrel (38), (see Figure 7-Method 1, Step C).

For next step, go to Point L.

For next step, go to Point L.

L. Ensure that the diaphragm case (42) is evenly seated on the spring barrel (38), insert the four capscrews (41) and tighten evenly.
M. Connect air supply line to diaphragm case (42).
N. Turn on air supply and check for leaks.
O. If necessary, reposition handwheel (53) and limit stop (77), (optional) to desired location and place valve back in service.

9.2 Body S/A Internal Parts
During a maintenance of Camflex II valve it is necessary to inspect all the internal parts to determine if they are worn, corroded and damaged, especially the following seating area:
- body and seat ring contact area.
- the seating surface of the plug and seat ring.
- the guide surface of the shaft and the guide bushing.
All parts which are damaged must be replaced by original spare parts.

9.2.1 Hard Seat Lapping
Lapping is the process of working the valve sealing parts against each other with an abrasive, to produce a close fit. To perform the lapping operation, proceed as follows.
A. Clean the seat ring sealing surface in the valve body and the seat ring shoulder.
B. Apply a small amount of fine grinding compound to the seat ring shoulder.
C. Insert the seat ring into the body and lap lightly by rotating the seat ring in the body, ensuring that the entire seat ring sealing surface in the valve body is lapped. Do not rotate in one place.
D. Remove seat ring and clean thoroughly.
E. Place seat ring on a flat surface with the seating area facing up.
F. Apply a small amount of fine grinding compound to the seat ring seating surface.
G. Lap the plug lightly against the seat ring while turning and oscillating the plug in all directions.
H. Clean seat ring, plug and valve body thoroughly in preparation for reassembly.

9.2.2 Soft Seat
Do not lap the soft seat ring to the plug; however, the seat ring must be lapped to the valve body. The procedure for lapping the seat ring to the body is the same as stated in items A through D of Section 9.2.1 on Hard Seats.

9.3 Yoke Assembly (Refer to Figures 16 and 17)
Maintenance required on the yoke (33) is limited to replacement of the grommet (12) and the shaft bearing (8). To replace either, the actuator must be separated from the body. (Depending on the type of actuator used, refer to appropriate section). Insert the grommet into the yoke with the recessed part of the grommet towards the shaft bearing. The shaft bearing (8) is slip fit into the yoke and is removed by pushing it out towards the grommet.

10. Reassembly Procedures
10.1 Spring Diaphragm Actuator
When the actuator has been disassembled using Section 8.2 to reassemble the actuator, proceed as follows:
A. Replace spring (39) in piston (43).
B. Replace washer (44) and locknut (45).
   Note: Locknut (45) must be threaded the full length of the threads.
C. To reassemble the diaphragm and upper diaphragm case, refer to Section 9.1, steps E. through L.
D. Replace locknut (46) and clevis (35).
E. Determine correct orientation and replace actuator on yoke and replace lockwashers (37), capscrews (36) and tighten firmly.
F. Refer to Section 11. for actuator stem adjustment.

10.2 Spring Diaphragm Actuator on Body S/A (Refer to Figures 16 and 17)
After completing the required maintenance or changing valve, actuator and yoke assembly, reassemble using the following procedure:
A. Determine correct valve to actuator orientation.
B. If required, reposition body studs (28) and packing flange studs (13).
   Note: Depending on the actuator position, ensure that the body studs (short studs) when placed through the yoke holes will be positioned in the front of the yoke opening for ease of accessibility.
C. Ensure that grommet (12) and shaft bearing (8) are in the yoke. Turn shaft so the plug is in the closed position.
D. Slide the valve shaft partly into the lower yoke opening, allowing enough room to place packing flange (14) over the shaft (19).
Note: Packing flange (14) is placed on the shaft (19) with the concave side toward the valve packing (17).

E. Ensure slots in packing flange (14) line up with packing flange studs (13).

F. With packing flange on the shaft, continue sliding the valve shaft toward the yoke (33) and through the grommet (12) in the yoke (33).

G. Place the lever (34) in the yoke and in line with the shaft so the boss on one side of the lever shaft hole is toward the shaft bearing (8) and engage the shaft to the lever splines.

Note: Shaft must engage lever so the indicator dot on the clevis pin, when placed in the lever hole, shows the valve closed. Temporarily place clevis pin into lever (34) and check indicator dot alignment. Dot should just start touching the closed indicator line on the front cover (32) (Refer to Figure 18). If the orientation is not changed, align lever and mark on yoke then check alignment. (Refer to Figure 17).

CAUTION

Do not use air pressure to check alignment, since during normal operation and with full air pressure, the Indicator may overshoot the closed indicator mark on the cover. This is acceptable.

H. Slide shaft completely through lever to engage shaft bearing (8). Yoke should now be fully seated on the valve bonnet flange.

I. Replace and tighten body stud nuts (27).

J. Replace packing flange stud nuts (94) and finger tighten only.

K. Slide the lever (34) on the shaft (19) toward the valve and tighten lever capscrew (49).

L. Pull the lever and shaft toward the bearing (8) in the yoke.

M. Loosen lever capscrew (49) and slide lever (34) so it will shoulder against the shaft bearing (8) and tighten capscrew (49).

Note: if the actuator cylinder (38) has been removed proceed to step N. If it has not, proceed to Section 11, Actuator Stem Adjustment.

N. Determine the desired actuator action and replace actuator cylinder (38) on the yoke (33) and secure in place with four capscrews (36) and lockwashers (37).

O. Proceed to Section 11, Actuator Stem Adjustment.

10.3 Handwheel Reassembly

A. Place the valve so the position cover (11) is up.

B. Remove Truac ring (50) and handwheel washer (51) from the handwheel powerscrew.

C. Insert handwheel powerscrew with lock (52) in place into the appropriate hole in the yoke and screw in clockwise.

D. Replace the washer (51) and Truac ring (50)

E. Back off handwheel lightly against washer and lock in the off position with lock (52).

F. Replace bottom cover (11) by snapping in place.

Note: To use the handwheel, loosen the lock (52) and turn. The handwheel can be used as a limit stop on the valve by locking it in any position.

10.4 Limit Stop Reassembly

Two different types of assembly for the limit stop in function of the actuator size: see Figure 9.

10.5 Valve Body Reassembly (Refer to Figure 16)

Prior to reassembly, the valve body should be thoroughly cleaned and the seat ring and plug may be lapped as indicated in Section 9.2. Upon completion of the above, proceed as follows:

CAUTION

Lubricants and sealers are required during reassembly. Figure 15 identifies recommended products for certain service conditions. Ensure that any lubricant used is compatible with service conditions.

A. Apply a small amount of thread lubricant to the seat ring retainer threads and install seat ring retainer (3) and hand tighten only.

Figure 9

LIMIT STOP STD CAMFLEX 6” and 7”

LIMIT STOP STD CAMFLEX 4.5”

CAUTION

Do not tighten the seat ring retainer to torque specification at this time.
B. Place valve body (1) on flat surface so that the seat is down.

C. Coat lower guide bushing (22) with recommended lubricant and insert into the body.

Note: Groove in the guide bushing (22) must be towards the body center. Refer to Figure 10 for correct assembly sequence. If the shaft (19) is the previous design it may have a circular groove, if so, install the retaining ring (18).

D. Coat the upper guide bushing (21) spacer tube (20) and the shaft splines (plug side) with recommended lubricant.

E. Insert the spacer tube (20) over the lubricated part of the shaft.

F. Place upper guide bushing (21) on the shaft (19).

G. Place plug (4) in body so it rests on the seat.

H. Insert the shaft sub-assembly into the body (1) and engage plug (4) and lower guide bushing (22).

Note: The shaft (19) should be inserted into the plug so that when the plug is seated, the slot at the outer end of the shaft is perpendicular to the flow through the valve.

In case of 35002 SB, separable bonnet version, follow the operations described from N to U.

I. Install packing box ring (23), bevel side out, over the shaft (19) and into the valve bonnet being sure that the hole in the ring is aligned with the threaded port in the bonnet.

J. Apply a suitable lubricant to the threads of the safety pin (16) and screw into the body neck and tighten.

CAUTION

When a recessed groove exists in the spacer tube (20), this spacer tube (20) must be placed on the shaft (19) so that the shaft shoulder or retaining ring fits into the recessed groove on one end of the spacer tube (20).

K. Install packing (17) insuring that the skive cut of each piece of packing is offset approximately 120° from that of the adjacent piece of packing.

L. Install packing follower (15) rounded, bevel side out.

M. Proceed to Section 10.6 on seat ring alignment.

N through U apply to separable bonnet design only:

N. If necessary, install the studs (103) in the bonnet (102).

O. Install the stop ring (100).

P. Place the gasket (101) in the groove of the bonnet. The old gasket (101) must not be re-used.

Q. Place the bonnet with the studs on the body and screw the nuts (104).

R. Tighten the nuts (104) according the table of Figure 11.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valve Size</th>
<th>Torque lb.ft</th>
<th>Torque m.N</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1” (DN 25)</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 1/2” (DN 40)</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2” (DN 50)</td>
<td>3” (DN 80)</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3” (DN 100)</td>
<td>6” (DN 150)</td>
<td>107</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Sizes 1” thru 3” (DN 25 through 80) use 7 pieces of packing; sizes 4” thru 12” (DN 100 through 300) use 6 pieces of packing.

Figure 11

Note: It is important to tighten the nuts step by step, during the tightening the bonnet flange must keep the shaft axis aligned.

S. Install packing (17) insuring that the skive cut of each piece of packing is offset approximately 120° from that of the adjacent piece of packing.

Note: Sizes 1” through 3” (DN 25 through 80) use 7 pieces of packing; sizes 4” through 12” (DN 100 through 300) use 6 pieces of packing.

T. Install packing follower (15) rounded, bevel side out.

U. Proceed to Section 10.6 on seat ring alignment.

10.6 Seat Ring Alignment

Aligning the seat ring (2) and plug (4) is required whenever the seat ring or plug have been replaced or disassembled. Proceed as follows:

A. Place valve on flat surface with retainer (3) and seat ring (2) facing up.

Note: The casting marks (=) indicate the seat ring end of the body.

B. Remove the retainer ring (3) and the seat ring (2).

C. Apply a thin coat of sealant to the seat ring shoulder that engages the body and replace seat ring (2).

D. Apply a small amount of thread lubricant to the seat ring retainer threads and install seat ring retainer (3) and hand tighten only.
**CAUTION**

Do not tighten the seat ring retainer to torque specification at this time.

E. Replace lever (34) on valve shaft (19) and tighten lever capscrew (49).

F. Using the lever (34) manually close the plug with sufficient force to allow seat ring and plug to align.

G. Using the seat ring wrench, tighten seat ring retainer to the minimum torque value specified in Figure 12.

Note: In some cases, for the valves from 3" to 12" (DN 80 to 300) with metal seat, the alignment can be improved by placing a piece of paper 0.10mm (0.004") thick and approximately 6mm (1/4") wide at a point where the leading edge and the trailing edge of the plug contacts the seat ring and close the plug. With a slight pressure on the lever, the paper strips should both be clamped in place. For the valve 8" to 12" (DN 200 to 300), the piece of paper shall be 0.20mm (0.008") thick and 12mm (1/4") wide.

**Table 1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valve Size</th>
<th>Minimum Torque</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>lb.ft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1&quot; (DN 25)</td>
<td>60</td>
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<tr>
<td>1½&quot; (DN 40)</td>
<td>95</td>
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<tr>
<td>2&quot; (DN 50)</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>3&quot; (DN 80)</td>
<td>290</td>
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<tr>
<td>4&quot; (DN 100)</td>
<td>363</td>
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<td>6&quot; (DN 150)</td>
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<tr>
<td>10&quot; (DN 250)</td>
<td>1350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12&quot; (DN 300)</td>
<td>2250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 12

H. Proceed to section on body to actuator assembly.

**10.7 DVD Plate Reassembly**

Using the same method and tooling as described in 8.3.2, tighten the Lo-dB plate at the indicated torque given in the table of Figure 13.

**Table 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valve Size</th>
<th>Tightening Torque</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1&quot; (DN 25)</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1½&quot; (DN 40)</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2&quot; (DN 50)</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>3&quot; (DN 80)</td>
<td>220</td>
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<tr>
<td>4&quot; (DN 100)</td>
<td>363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6&quot; (DN 150)</td>
<td>780</td>
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<tr>
<td>8&quot; (DN 200)</td>
<td>975</td>
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<td>10&quot; (DN 250)</td>
<td>1320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12&quot; (DN 300)</td>
<td>2250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 13

**11. Actuator Stem Adjustment (Refer to Figures 16 and 17)**

**CAUTION**

The following procedures must be adhered to in order to ensure correct valve operation. Failure to do so could result in valve damage and equipment malfunction.

Correct actuator stem adjustment is imperative for proper valve functioning. With the actuator assembled to the valve in the desired location and orientation proceed as follows:

Note: If any of the following steps were completed during maintenance or reorientation of actuator to valve, proceed to the next step.

A. Remove front cover (32) and rear cover (29) by removing the two-cover screws (30).

B. Back off handwheel (53) so it does not interfere with the operation of the lever (34).

C. If applicable, back off optional limit stop (77) so it will not interfere with the operation of the lever (34).

D. Apply air pressure to the actuator and move lever (34) to an intermediate position.

**Figure 14**

E. Do not exceed pressure listed in Figure 14 for the actuator used. Do not use handwheel (53) to move lever (34).

F. Remove adjustable indicator (88) by removing the two screws (89).

G. Remove clevis pin clip (5), remove clevis pin (7).

H. Relieve air pressure to the actuator to allow the clevis (35) and lever (34) to separate.

Note: If the unit is air-to-open, separate clevis (35) and lever (34) then loosen clevis locknut (46) and remove clevis.

I. Insert clevis pin (7) back in lever (34).

J. Manually push the lever (34) so the valve is in the closed position.

K. Temporarily replace front cover (32) and check the location of the clevis pin (7) in relation to the closed position indicator mark on front cover (32).

**Figure 15**

Note: If the unit is air-to-open, replace clevis locknut (46) and clevis (35).
K. Proceed to one of the following sections for final adjustment.  
Air-to-Open, Section (K-1), Air-to-Close Section (K-2).

K-1. Air-to-Open
After completing step A through J of Section 11, proceed as follows:

A. Scribe a line on the clevis (35) in line with the inside of the yoke.
B. Connect a regulated air supply directly to the actuator and gradually apply 8 psig (.55 barg) for size 9 actuators and 7 psig (.48 barg) for the others.
C. The clevis should move approximately 1/4”.
D. With the lever and valve plug in the fully CLOSED position, the holes in the clevis (35) and lever (34) should be in line.  
   Note: If holes are in line proceed to Step J. If not in line, continue to next step.
E. Move lever (34) to full open position.
F. Gradually apply sufficient air pressure to extend clevis locknut (46) to an accessible position.
G. Loosen clevis locknut (46).
H. Reduce air pressure to actuator to 7 psig.
I. Screw clevis (35) in or out on actuator stem so that the holes in the clevis (35) and lever (34) are aligned with the lever and plug in the fully closed position.
J. Insert clevis pin (7) so indicator dot is visible through front cover (32) and secure with clevis pin clips (5).
   Note: On the size 6 and 7 actuators, without the adjustable indicator (88), the clevis pin (7) must be installed so it protrudes toward the front cover (32). If the indicator dot is damaged, paint may be applied to the end facing the front cover (32) to make it more visible.
K. Gradually apply sufficient air pressure to extend clevis locknut (46) to an accessible position and tighten firmly.

Note: Prior to placing the valve in service, operate the valve actuator through one complete cycle to ensure proper functioning.

P. If desired, set handwheel (53) or optional limit stop (77) to desired position.

K-1. Air-to-Close
After completing step A through J of Section 11, proceed as follows:

A. Manually push lever (34) to the full CLOSED position.
B. Connect a regulated air supply to the actuator.
C. Gradually apply the final air pressure corresponding to the closed position. See value on the serial plate.
D. With the lever (34) and valve plug in the CLOSED position, the holes in the clevis (35) and lever (34) should be in line.
   Note: If holes are in line proceed to Step H, if not in line, continue to the next step.
E. Release air pressure so clevis (35) will separate from lever (34).
F. Loosen clevis locknut (46).
G. Screw clevis (35) in or out so that when the air pressure corresponding to the closed position mentioned in C above is applied, clevis holes and lever will be in line.
H. Insert clevis pin (7) so indicator dot is visible through front cover (32) and secure with clevis pin clips (5).
   Note: On the size 6 and 7 actuators, without the adjustable indicator (88), the clevis pin (7) must be installed so it protrudes toward the front cover (32). If the indicator dot is damaged, paint may be applied to the end of the clevis pin (7) facing the front cover (32) to make it more visible.
I. Tighten clevis locknut (46).
J. Relieve air pressure to actuator.
K. If used, replace adjustable indicator (88) to lever (34) with screws (89).
   Note: If required, adjust indicator (88) to front cover (32) indicator marks with the valve in the closed position.
L. Replace front cover (32) and rear cover (29) and secure in place with cover screws (30).
M. Replace spring barrel boss cover (58) and bottom cover (11) (Snap fit).
   Note: Prior to placing the valve in service, operate the valve actuator through one complete cycle to ensure proper functioning.
N. If desired, set handwheel (53) or optional limit stop (77) to desired position.

CAUTION
Do not exceed pressure listed in Figure 14 for the actuator used.

L. Relieve air pressure.
M. If used, replace adjustable indicator (88) to lever (34) with screws (89).
   Note: If required, adjust indicator to front cover indicator marks.
N. Replace front cover (32) and rear cover (29) and secure in place with cover screws (30).
O. Replace spring barrel boss cover (58) and bottom cover (11) (Snap fit).
### 12. Changing Body Position

**CAUTION**

Before any change in flow direction or actuator mode is made, the valve and actuator must be resized using current process conditions. Any change in the flow direction or actuator mode must be accomplished as outlined in this instruction, otherwise equipment malfunction could result.

Changing service requirements or service conditions may require a change in flow direction through the Camflex II valve. Figure 19 illustrates the various positions and flow directions in which the valve may be placed to accommodate requirements.

**CAUTION**

Changing the body position and flow direction could also require relocating the actuator. Ensure that the actuator location and action are in accordance with the recommended positions and modes illustrated in Figure 19. Illustrations are shown looking at the body through the bonnet with the actuator in front of the valve. The plug shaft is always rotated in a clockwise direction by the actuator to open the valve.

To change body position proceed as follows:

- **A.** Refer to Figure 19 and determine which is the desired valve position, flow direction and which actuator position is required.
- **B.** Proceed to the appropriate section of this instruction for the required disassembly and assembly procedures.

### 13. Changing Actuator Action

**CAUTION**

Before any change in flow direction or actuator mode is made, the valve and actuator must be resized using current process conditions. Any change in the flow direction or actuator mode must be accomplished as outlined in this instruction, otherwise equipment malfunction could result.

A. Remove front cover (32) and rear cover (29) by removing the two cover screws (30).

B. Remove spring barrel boss cover (58) (Snap fit).

C. Remove bottom cover (11) (Snap fit).

D. Using a manual loading panel, apply sufficient air pressure to the actuator to move the lever (34) to an intermediate position. Do not exceed pressure listed in Figure 14 for actuator used. Do not use handwheel to move lever.

E. Remove clevis pin clips (5) and remove clevis pin (7).

F. Position lever so it does not contact handwheel power-screw assembly.

G. Remove Truarc ring (50) and washer (51) from handwheel powerscrew assembly.

H. Unscrew and remove handwheel powerscrew assembly from yoke (33).

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Valvesize</th>
<th>Actuator Size Diameter</th>
<th>A 564 Gr 630 Shaft kPa</th>
<th>A 564 Gr 630 Shaft Psi</th>
<th>A 564 Gr 630 Shaft kPa</th>
<th>A 564 Gr 630 Shaft Psi</th>
<th>Recommended Tubing</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1&quot; (DN 25)</td>
<td>4½ (114)</td>
<td>138</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>1¼&quot; (DN 40)</td>
<td>4½ (114)</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>4x6 ½”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2&quot; (DN 50)</td>
<td>4½ (114)</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>4x6 ½”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3&quot; (DN 80)</td>
<td>6 (152)</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>4x6 ½”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4&quot; (DN 100)</td>
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<td>310</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>7 (177)</td>
<td>448</td>
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<td>310</td>
<td>45</td>
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<tr>
<td>8&quot; (DN 200)</td>
<td>7 (177)</td>
<td>517</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>379</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>4x6 ¼”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10&quot; (DN 250)</td>
<td>7 (177)</td>
<td>517</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>448</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>4x6 ¼”</td>
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<tr>
<td>12&quot; (DN 300)</td>
<td>7 (177)</td>
<td>517</td>
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<td>75</td>
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<td>9 (228)</td>
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<td>12&quot; (DN 300)</td>
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<td>517</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>379</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>4x6 ¼”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Figure 14*
14. Manual Actuator Option

The manual type actuator is designed to close the valve by rotating the handwheel in a clockwise direction. Anti-rotation of the handwheel is obtained through a detente device located between handwheel (53) and retainer (87).

14.1 Disassembly Procedure

The disassembly procedure for manual actuator is similar to the procedure for spring diaphragm actuator see Section 8.1.

14.2 Maintenance

Routine maintenance of the manual actuator requires that a suitable lubricant be periodically applied to the handwheel powerscrew.

Bearings may require replacement due to service conditions or corrosion.

The replacement of the handwheel detent mechanism should be required.

14.3 Reassembly Procedure

There is no specific adjustment for the reassembly of manual actuator. For details see Figure 21.
<table>
<thead>
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<th>Ref.</th>
<th>Qty.</th>
<th>Part Name</th>
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<th>Qty.</th>
<th>Part Name</th>
<th>Ref.</th>
<th>Qty.</th>
<th>Part Name</th>
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<td>Serial Plate</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Rear Cover</td>
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(1) Applies to previous design only.
• Quantity varies according to option.
** Quantity varies according to size and bonnet type. Confirm required quantity from valve serial records.
The body is shown behind the actuator.

Figure 19

Figure 20

Figure 21
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\[
\begin{align*}
1/2'' & : \quad 1/2'' \ 13 \text{ UNC 2A/2B} \\
5/8'' & : \quad 5/8'' \ 11 \text{ UNC 2A/2B} \\
3/4'' & : \quad 3/4'' \ 10 \text{ UNC 2A/2B} \\
7/8'' & : \quad 7/8'' \ 9 \text{ UNC 2A/2B} \\
1'' & : \quad 1'' \ 8 \text{ UNC 2A/2B} \\
1\frac{1}{4}'' & : \quad 1\frac{1}{4}'' \ 8 \text{ UNC 2A/2B} \\
1\frac{1}{4}'' & : \quad 1\frac{1}{4}'' \ 8 \text{ UNC 2A/2B} 
\end{align*}
\]

**Figure 22**
### Flangeless Bodies

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<td>18.125 (460)</td>
<td>11/8&quot;</td>
<td>8V</td>
<td>20.50 (520)</td>
<td>1 1/4&quot;</td>
<td>16T 8V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Use one washer (66) for each short stud as shown on the left figure:
- A: M16N (18x32x3)mm
- B: M20N (22x40x3)mm
- C: M22N (24x45x3)mm
- D: L16N (18x40x3)mm

Figure 23
## DIRECT SALES OFFICE LOCATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Phone</th>
<th>Fax</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>AUSTRALIA</strong></td>
<td>Brisbane</td>
<td>+61-7-3001-4319</td>
<td>+61-7-3001-4399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Perth</td>
<td>+61-8-6595-7018</td>
<td>+61-8-6595-7299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Melbourne</td>
<td>+61-3-8807-6002</td>
<td>+61-3-8807-6577</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>BELGIUM</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>+32-2-344-0970</td>
<td>+32-2-344-1123</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>BRAZIL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>+55-19-2104-6900</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>CHINA</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>+86-10-5738-8888</td>
<td>+86-10-5918-9707</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FRANCE</strong></td>
<td>Courbevoie</td>
<td>+33-1-4904-9000</td>
<td>+33-1-4904-9010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Ratingen</td>
<td>+49-2102-108-0</td>
<td>+49-2102-108-111</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>GERMANY</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>ITALY</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>+39-081-7892-111</td>
<td>+39-081-7892-208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>JAPAN</strong></td>
<td>Tokyo</td>
<td>+81-03-6871-9008</td>
<td>+81-03-6890-4620</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>KOREA</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>+82-2-2274-0748</td>
<td>+82-2-2274-0794</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>MALAYSIA</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>+60-3-2161-0322</td>
<td>+60-3-2161-6312</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>MEXICO</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>+52-55-3640-5060</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>THE NETHERLANDS</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>+31-15-3808666</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>RUSSIA</strong></td>
<td>Veliky Novgorod</td>
<td>+7-8162-55-7898</td>
<td>+7-8162-55-7921</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Moscow</td>
<td>+7 495-585-1276</td>
<td>+7 495-585-1279</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SAUDI ARABIA</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>+966-3-341-0278</td>
<td>+966-3-341-7624</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SINGAPORE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>+65-6861-6100</td>
<td>+65-6861-7172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SOUTH AFRICA</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SOUTH &amp; CENTRAL AMERICA AND THE CARIBBEAN</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SPAIN</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>UNITED ARAB EMIRATES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>+971-4-8991-777</td>
<td>+971-4-8991-778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>UNITED KINGDOM</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skelmersdale</td>
<td>+44-1695-526-00</td>
<td>+44-1695-526-01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>UNITED STATES</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jacksonville, Florida</td>
<td>+1-904-570-3409</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Deer Park, Texas</td>
<td>+1-281-884-1000</td>
<td>+1-281-884-1010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Houston, Texas</td>
<td>+1-281-671-1640</td>
<td>+1-281-671-1735</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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